Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-22 (Cancelled).

23. (Currently Amended) A process for producing preparing a recombinant fibrinogen fibrinogen-producing cell which highly produces a high level of fibrinogen of 100 µg/ml or more, comprising incorporating, into an animal cell, genes encoding (i) an α chain (and/or variant of α chain) and/or an αE variant thereof, (ii) a β chain, and (iii) a γ chain (and/or variant of γ chain) and/or a γ' variant thereof which are polypeptides constituting fibrinogen so that the number of genes encoding a γ chain (and/or variant of γ chain) gene and/or a γ' variant thereof is $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1000 fold amount of a total $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ times the sum of the number of genes encoding an α chain (and/or variant of α chain) gene and/or an αE variant thereof and the number of genes encoding a β chain gene, wherein the animal cell incorporated with the genes encoding the chains is capable of producing a high level of fibrinogen of 100 µg/ml or more.

- 24. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 23, wherein the number of genes encoding a γ chain gene—is the same as a total—the sum of the number of genes encoding an α chain gene and the number of genes encoding a β chain gene.
- 25. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 23 or 24, wherein a vector having a gene encoding an α chain and a gene encoding a γ chain, and an expression vector having a gene encoding a β chain and a gene encoding a γ chain are used by mixing them incorporated into the animal cell either simultaneously or successively.
- 26. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 25, wherein a vector having a gene encoding an α chain and a gene encoding a γ chain, and an expression vector having a gene encoding a β chain and a gene encoding a γ chain are used by mixing them at an equal amount incorporated in equal amounts.
- 27. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 23, wherein expression vectors pCAGGD-GB and pCAGGDN5-GA described in Fig. 1 are mixed at an equal amount in equal amounts to form a mixture of expression vectors, and this the mixture of expression vectors is incorporated into an the animal cell.

- 28. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 23 or 24, wherein a vector having a gene encoding an α chain and a gene encoding a β chain, and an expression vector having a gene encoding a γ chain are used by mixing them incorporated into the animal cell either simultaneously or successively.
- 29. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 23 or 24, wherein an expression vector having a gene encoding an α chain, an expression vector having a gene encoding a β chain and an expression vector having a gene encoding a γ chain are used by mixing them incorporated into the animal cell either simultaneously or successively.
- 30. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 23, wherein an expression vector having a promoter selected from the group consisting of a SV40 early promoter, a SV40 late promoter, a cytomegalovirus promoter and a chicken β -actin promoter, and a marker gene for gene amplification selected from the group consisting of an aminoglycoside 3' phosphotransferase (neo) gene, a puromycin resistance gene, a dihydrofolate reductase (dhfr) gene and a glutamine synthetase (GS) gene is

used for incorporating the genes encoding the $\alpha-$, $\beta-$, and $\gamma-$ chains into the animal cell.

- 31. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 30, wherein, an—in the expression vector, having—the promoter is a chicken β -actin promoter and the marker gene is a dihydrofolate reductase gene—is used.
- 32. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 23, wherein, as a—the gene encoding an α chain, one or both of a gene encoding a—an α chain and a gene encoding an α E chain which is a variant thereof—of the α chain are incorporated into the animal cell.
- 33. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 23, wherein, as $\frac{1}{2}$ —the gene encoding a γ chain, one or both of a gene encoding a γ chain and a gene encoding a γ' chain which is a variant thereof—of the γ chain are incorporated into the animal cell.
- 34. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 23, wherein, as a the gene encoding a γ chain, one or both of a gene encoding a γ chain and a gene encoding a γ' chain which is a

variant thereof of the γ chain are incorporated into the animal cell and, as a gene encoding an α chain, one or both of a gene encoding an α chain and a gene encoding an α chain which is a variant thereof of the α chain are incorporated into the animal cell.

- 35. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 23, wherein the animal cell is selected from the group consisting of a Chinese hamster ovary cell (CHO cell), a mouse myeloma cell, a BHK cell, a 293 cell and a COS cell.
- 36. (Currently amended) The process according to claim $\frac{3523}{}$, wherein the <u>animal cell is a Chinese hamster ovary cell</u> (CHO cell) is a of strain DG44 strain.
- according to claim 23for producing a recombinant fibrinogen

 producing cell which highly produces fibrinogen, further

 comprising incorporating, into an—the animal cell, a baculovirus

 P35 gene at the same time with—as, or at a different time from,

 the genes encoding polypeptides constituting fibrinogen, in

 addition to the process for producing a recombinant fibrinogen

 highly producing cell as defined in claim 23.

- 38. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) A recombinant fibrinogen highly producing cell obtained by a the process as defined in of claim 23.
- 39. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) A process for producing a large amount of fibrinogen, comprising culturing a the recombinant animal cell obtained by the process as defined in of claim 37 by a culturing method at condition—under conditions in which cell apoptosis is not induced to produce fibrinogen in an amount of 100 μg/ml or more.
- 40. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) A process for producing a large amount of fibrinogen, comprising culturing the recombinant animal cell of claim 38 by any of a fed batch culturing method, a perfusion culturing method, and a culturing method using a nutrient enriched medium to produce fibrinogen in an amount of 100 μg/ml or more in a process for producing a large amount of fibrinogen using a recombinant animal cell as defined in claim 38.
- 41. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) A process for producing a large amount of fibrinogen, comprising using culturing the recombinant animal cell of claim 38 in a serum-free medium to produce fibrinogen in an amount of 100 µg/ml or more—in

a process for producing a large amount of fibrinogen using a recombinant animal cell as defined in claim 38.

- 42. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) Fibrinogen produced by using a from the recombinant fibrinogen highly producing cell as defined in of claim 38.
- 43. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) <u>Fibrinogen A</u>

 <u>fibrinogen produced by using a the process as defined in of any</u>
 one of claims 39 to 41.